WELCOME TO THE WORLD OF MANTIS GARDENING!

Here's your new MANTIS Tiller... the lightweight wonder that “Makes Gardening Easier.”

Unlike big tillers, your MANTIS Tiller weighs only 20 pounds. So it lifts easily, handles smoothly, tills and weeds precisely. And, unlike other small tillers, it features serpentine tines that churn soil up to ten inches deep. It creates a soft, smooth seed bed, even in problem soil.

Once you know how to use your tiller correctly, we guarantee you’ll love it. So first, please read this manual. It shows, step by step, how to use your tiller safely. Plus, it shows how the MANTIS Border Edger can make light work of your edging needs.

If you have questions about any topic in this Manual, or if you wish to order MANTIS Attachments, contact your local authorized MANTIS dealer.

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SAFETY RULES & WARNINGS

You will notice throughout this Owners Manual Safety Rules and Important Notes. Make sure you understand and obey these warnings for your own protection.

I. Special Safety Information

**WARNING • DANGER**

ATTENTION: THIS SYMBOL POINTS OUT OUR IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS.

WHEN YOU SEE THIS SYMBOL, HEED IT’S WARNING!! STAY ALERT!!

**WARNING • DANGER**

TO REDUCE THE POTENTIAL FOR ACCIDENTS, COMPLY WITH THE SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS IN THIS MANUAL.

FAILURE TO COMPLY MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY, AND/OR EQUIPMENT AND PROPERTY DAMAGE.

II. Safety & Warnings

**WARNING • DANGER**

IMPROPER USE OR CARE OF THIS TILLER OR FAILURE TO WEAR PROPER PROTECTION CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE RULES FOR SAFE OPERATION AND ALL INSTRUCTIONS IN THIS MANUAL.

WEAR HEARING AND EYE PROTECTION.

**WARNING**

The Engine Exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**WARNING**

If the Tiller is used improperly or safety precautions are not followed, the users risk serious injury to themselves and others. Read and understand this manual before attempting to operate this tiller.

III. Safety Decal Information

An important part of the safety system incorporated in this tiller are the warning and information decals found on various parts of the tiller. These decals must be replaced in time due to abrasion, etc. It is your responsibility to replace these decals when they become hard to read. The location and part numbers (P/N) of these decals are illustrated on Page 16.

**PRODUCT EMISSION DURABILITY**

The 300 hour emission durability compliance period is the time span selected by the manufacturer certifying the engine emissions output meets applicable emissions regulations, provided that approved maintenance procedures are followed as listed in the Maintenance Section of this manual.
IV. Warnings - Do’s
Read and understand the owner’s manual. Pay particular attention to all sections regarding safety.
1. Always keep a firm grip on both handles while the tines are moving and/or the engine is running. BE AWARE!! The tines may coast after throttle trigger is released. Make sure tines have come to a complete stop and engine is off before letting go of the tiller.
2. Always maintain a firm footing and good balance. Do not overreach while operating the tiller. Before you start to use the tiller check the work area for obstacles that might cause you to lose your footing, balance or control of the machine.
3. Thoroughly inspect the area where equipment is to be used and remove all objects, which can be thrown by the machine.
4. Always keep area clear of children, pets, and bystanders.
5. Always stay alert. Watch what you are doing and use common sense. Do not operate unit when fatigued.
6. Always dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry; they might get caught in moving parts. Use sturdy gloves. Gloves reduce the transmission of vibration to your hands. Prolonged exposure to vibration can cause numbness and other ailments.
7. While working, always wear substantial footwear and long trousers. Do not operate the equipment when barefoot or wearing open sandals.
8. Always wear ear and eye protection. Eye protection must meet ANSI Z 87.1. To avoid hearing damage, we recommend hearing protection be worn whenever using the equipment.
9. To reduce fire hazard, keep the engine, and petrol/gas storage area free of vegetative material and excessive grease.
10. Start the engine carefully, according to the manufacturer’s instructions and with feet well away from tool(s).
11. Keep all nuts, bolts and screws tight.

V. Warnings - Don’ts
Don’t use tiller with one hand. Keep both hands on handles with fingers and thumbs encircling the handles, while tines are moving, and engine is running.
Don’t overreach. Keep a good footing at all times.
Don’t run with the machine, walk.
Don’t work on excessively steep slopes.
Don’t attempt to clear tines while they are moving. Never try to remove jammed material before switching the engine off and making sure the tines have stopped completely.
Don’t allow children or incapable people to operate this tiller.
Don’t operate while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
Don’t attempt to repair this tiller. Have repairs made by a qualified dealer or repairman. See that only original MANTIS parts are used.

VI. Engine/Fuel Warnings - Do’s
Always use fresh gasoline in the fuel mixture. Stale gasoline can cause damage.
Always store fuel in containers specifically designed for this purpose.
Always pull starter cord slowly until resistance is felt. Then pull cord rapidly to avoid kickback and prevent arm or hand injury.
Always operate engine with spark arrestor installed and operating properly. The use of spark arrestor mufflers is required by law in the state of California (Section 4442 of the California Public Resources Code), as well as in other states or municipalities. Federal laws apply on federal lands.

Stop the engine whenever you leave the machine.
Allow the engine to cool before storing in any enclosure.
If the fuel tank needs to be drained, this should be done outdoors.

VI. Engine/Fuel Warnings - Don’ts
Don’t use fuel, refuel or check fuel while smoking, or near an open flame or other ignition source. Stop engine and be sure it is cool before refueling.
Don’t leave the engine running while the tiller is unattended. Stop engine before putting the tiller down or while transporting from one place to another.
Don’t refuel, start or run this tiller indoors or in an improperly ventilated area.
Don’t run engine when electrical system causes spark outside the cylinder. During periodical checks of the spark plug, keep plug a safe distance from cylinder to avoid burning of evaporated fuel from cylinder.
Don’t check for spark with spark plug or plug wire removed. Use an approved tester.
Don’t crank engine with spark plug removed unless spark plug wire is disconnected. Sparks can ignite fumes.
Don’t run engine when the odor of gasoline is present or other explosive conditions exist.

Don’t operate the unit if gasoline is spilled. Clean up spill completely before starting engine.
Don’t operate your tiller if there is an accumulation of debris around the muffler, and cooling fins.
Don’t touch hot mufflers, cylinders or cooling fins as contact may cause serious burns.
Don’t change the engine governor setting or over speed the engine.
ASSEMBLY

Your MANTIS Tiller comes partially assembled. You must install only the handlebars, the carrying handle, and the tines. This will take just a few minutes if you follow the directions.

First, take all items out of the carton. But do not remove the cardboard from around the Tiller's base.

The list at the right shows the parts that come with your tiller. Check to make sure you have them.

The bag of hardware is in the plastic bag containing the Owner’s Manual and DVD.

To assemble your MANTIS Tiller, you'll need two 7/16" wrenches or two adjustable wrenches. We suggest that you install all nuts and bolts only “finger tight” — that is, one-half to one full turn — until you've completed assembly.

The nuts are self locking, but you must use a wrench to tighten them completely.

HOW TO ASSEMBLE LOWER HANDLES

To identify part numbers, see page 16.

1. Use the protective cardboard sleeve to stabilize your tiller. Stand the engine assembly (#T8) up.

2. Lay the handle parts within easy reach. You'll need one of the handle clamps (#T38) and one of the lower handles (#T3). Note that the lower handles have a short leg on one end. (Picture 1)

3. Fit the handle clamp along the outside of the short leg. Line up the holes on the clamp and the leg.

4. Choose one of the two 3-inch bolts (#T36). Slide it through the first set of holes — near the elbow where the lower handle curves. (Picture 2)

5. Now slide the other lower handle onto the 3-inch bolt. (Picture 3.) Fit the other clamp onto this other handle's short leg. Add a nut and tighten finger tight.

6. Locate the worm gear housing. It starts just above — and extends down through — the tiller's red fender guard. You'll notice that there's a recessed channel on either side of the housing's top. (Picture 4)

7. Take the lower handles that you've just put together. Slide them into the two recessed channels.

Make sure you insert them from the rear of the tiller (gasoline tank faces the operator)... so that the bolt fits along the back of the housing. (Picture 5)

8. Slide the second 3-inch bolt through the second set of holes in the short legs. Add a nut and tighten finger tight.

NOTE: THE LOCK NUTS ARE STAMPED. FINGER TIGHT IS APPROXIMATELY 1/2 TO 1-1/2 TURNS.
ASSEMBLY (continued)

HOW TO ASSEMBLE UPPER HANDLES & PLASTIC CARRYING HANDLE.

1. Lightly squeeze the lower handles (#T3) toward one another so that they line up with the two smaller holes on the carrying handle (#T29). Then slide the carrying handle over and down the lower handles. It will rest about four to six inches above the engine. (Picture 1)

2. Gently pull the lower handles out to their original position.

3. Attach the upper handle assembly (#T1) – the handle with the throttle cable and ground wire onto the right handle, and secure with the handle knob (#T40) and 1 round head bolt (#T39) (Picture 2). Be sure you have proper throttle movements and that the throttle cable is not wrapped or twisted around the handle bar. Press lockout button, squeeze trigger and let go. The triangle must click in both directions. If there is any doubt, remove air filter and visually check that the throttle triangle hits both the idle screw and the full open stop. THIS MUST BE DONE BEFORE STARTING THE ENGINE.

4. Follow the same steps to install the left upper handle onto the other lower handle. (Picture 3)

5. Use the clip (#T6) to secure the throttle cable and wire in place on the lower handle. (Picture 4)

6. Now install the Handle Brace. Line it up with the holes on the upper handles. Then insert a Cap Screw (#T34) and a Lock Nut (#T35) on either side (Picture 5)

7. Use a wrench to tighten Cap Screws and Lock Nuts.

8. Now use wrench to tighten all nuts and bolts firmly and securely.

IMPORTANT NOTE:
Make sure you have installed the handles properly. When you stand behind your tiller, holding the handles, you should face the gasoline tank.

Assembling the Tines for Tilling

1. Remove the cardboard from around your Tiller’s base.

2. Slide the tines onto the axle shafts. The “D” hole goes on the outside.

3. Make sure you’ve installed the tines properly for tilling. Lien the tines to your fingers. When your palm faces the ground, your fingers curl down. Stand behind the Tiller and hold your hand next to the tines. Do the tine blades curl down, as your fingers do? If so, they are in the tilling position. (To switch to the cultivating position, see page 11.)

4. To secure each tine to the axle, insert a tine retaining pin.

IMPORTANT NOTE:
Before you use your MANTIS Tiller, read the Safety Rules & Warnings on pages 3-4.

Here’s how to mix the oil with the gas:

1. Pour 1/2 of the gasoline into a safe container. Do not mix the fuel and oil in the engine fuel tank.

2. Add 2.6 ounces of two-cycle engine oil to the gasoline and mix. Then add the rest of the gasoline.

3. Screw the cap onto the gasoline can. Then swirl the can to blend the oil and gas.

4. Carefully pour the fuel mix into the tiller’s fuel tank. After putting the fuel tank’s cap back on, wipe up any spilled fuel from tank and gasoline can.

IMPORTANT:
Two stroke oil separates and ages. Do not mix more than you will use in a month. Using old fuel can cause difficult starting or engine damage. Shake fuel container to thoroughly mix fuel before each use. Do not attempt to run your engine on gasoline only, use proper fuel mixture.

Need more pre-measured engine oil? You can order it from your local authorized MANTIS dealer.

Remember ...
- Always mix two-cycle oil with gasoline before fueling your tiller. Never, ever run your tiller on gasoline alone. This will ruin your engine and void all warranties.
- Always use a clean gas can and always use unleaded gas.
- Never try to mix the oil and gasoline in the engine fuel tank.
- Always mix oil and gas in the proper proportions: 2.6 ounces of two-cycle engine oil to one gallon of unleaded gasoline.

IMPORTANT NOTE:
Do Not use old or stale oil/gasoline mixture. Always use the proper oil/gasoline mixture. If you do not, your engine will suffer rapid, permanent damage. And you will void the engine warranty.
ASSEMBLY (continued)

WARNING • DANGER
FUEL IS EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. HANDLE IT WITH CARE. KEEP AWAY FROM IGNITION SOURCES. DO NOT SMOKE WHILE FUELING YOUR EQUIPMENT.

Mixing Fuel
Your MANTIS Tiller is powered by a commercial two stroke, air cooled engine which requires a fuel mixture of gasoline and lubricating oil. Use a mixture of 50 parts unleaded regular gasoline and 1 part two-stroke MANTIS oil (50:1.) Use branded 89 octane (R+M/2) unleaded gasoline or gasohol (maximum 10% ethyl alcohol, or 15% MTBE, no methyl alcohol.)

STARTING
To Start Your Tiller for the First Time:
1. Fill the fuel tank with the proper oil/gasoline mixture. (See previous section.)
2. Hand tighten the gasoline cap just until it's snug.
3. Place the ON button switch into the ON “start/on” position. (Picture 1)
4. Pull the choke button all the way out, to completely close the choke. (Picture 2)
5. Locate the purge bulb on the upper right of the engine, in front of the fuel tank. (See Picture 3) It sends fuel into the carburetor, for easy starting. Press the purge bulb until you see fuel flow through the clear fuel return line. Since you're starting “cold,” you may need to press six to eight times. As soon as fuel starts flowing through the clear fuel line, stop pressing! (Picture 3)
6. Don't press the throttle trigger during the starting of the engine.
7. Pull the starter cord (Picture 4) until resistance is felt. Then give the recoil starter cord a few brisk pulls until the engine fires. Note: Pull the starter cord about 12” to 18”. During cold starting, you may need to pull at least three or four times before the engine fires.
NOTE: When the choke is closed, never pull the cord more than four or five times. Overpulling may cause flooding. Also, bear in mind that, when the engine fires, it only coughs or sputters, and will not run on choke.
8. Push the choke button in, all the way, to open the choke. (Picture 5)
9. Then pull the starter cord again. The engine should start and run. Let the engine warm up two to three minutes before using.

Follow these steps whenever you are starting the engine “cold”, or when the engine has run dry and you have just added fuel. Remember, always use short, brisk pulls. Don't give the cord a long, forceful yank. And, do not let the cord snap back into the starter housing.

Never use starting fluids as they will cause permanent engine damage. Using them will void the warranty. Before you use the tiller, read the Safety & Warning rules on pages 3-4.

Starting a Warm Engine
1. Push ignition switch to ON “start/on” position.
2. Push choke button in to the RUN (open) position.
3. If there is no fuel in the clear return line, push primer bulb 3-4 times or until fuel is visible in the line.
4. Pull starter rope using short pulls, 1/2 to 2/3 of the rope length.
5. If engine fails to start in 4 pulls, use “First Time” starting procedure on page this page.
6. With engine running, and both hands on the handles, press the throttle lock out button (Pic. 1), then squeeze the throttle trigger gradually to increase the engine speed and engage the tines.
NOTE: Once the throttle trigger is squeezed, you can release the lockout button (Pic. 2).
NOTE: Step #6 must be repeated each time your tiller trigger is released.

WARNING
AVOID ACCIDENTAL BLADE ENGAGEMENT DO NOT SQUEEZE THE THROTTLE TRIGGER WHEN STARTING. MAINTAIN PROPER IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT (2500-3100 RPM)
**STARTING (continued)**

**Additional Information**

**How to Stop the Engine**

Simply push the **o**/“stop/start” switch to “**o**” (Picture 3). This will stop the engine instantly. If it should ever fail to do so, just pull out the choke button. The engine will stop at once.

**About the Choke**

The choke controls the amount of air drawn into the engine. Your tiller will run only if the choke is open — that is, if the choke is pushed in.

**WHAT TO DO JUST IN CASE**

If you follow the normal starting procedure, you should have no problem starting your tiller. But, just in case you do have problems, here’s what to do.

Make sure the **o**/switch is on “**start**.” You’d be surprised how many people forget to push the switch into the “**i**” position.

If the switch was on “**o**” when you pulled the cord, you may have flooded the engine.

**WARNING**

MAKE SURE THE START/STOP SWITCH IS IN THE STOP POSITION. KEEP PLUG WIRE AWAY FROM ENGINE TO AVOID UNINTENTIONAL SPARK.

- First, examine the spark plug. Use the special wrench that comes with our optional MANTIS Handy Item Kit (Item #8444) or a 3/4 inch spark plug wrench. (Picture 1)
- Remove the cap over the spark plug.
- Unscrew the spark plug. (Picture 2)

**IMPORTANT NOTE:**

To avoid possible damage to the threads, do not try to remove the plug from a hot aluminum cylinder head.

ECHO strongly suggests NOT to recommend end users remove the spark plug and pull the engine over to “pump” the excess fuel out of the engine. Any inadvertent spark could cause a fire or explosion.

**Starting a Flooded Engine**

1. If the end of the spark plug is wet, the engine may be flooded. Make sure the switch is in the “**o**” position.
   disconnect spark plug wire and remove plug. Use a paper towel or a clean rag to dry the spark plug, then, with the spark plug out of the engine, pull the starter cord several times.
   Next, replace the spark plug.
   Use the wrench to tighten it and replace the cap. Next, put the switch in the “**i**” position and pull the choke button out. Pull the starter cord three or four times until the engine coughs or sputters. Open the choke (push the choke button in) and pull the cord a few times. The engine should start and run.

2. If the end of the spark plug is dry, check to see if the fuel line is blocked. First loosen the fuel cap to relieve the pressure in the tank. The fuel line runs from the fuel tank to the carburetor. Pull it off at the carburetor end. Fuel should drip slowly from the line. Wipe off any excess or spilled fuel.
   If fuel drips too freely, the line may be disconnected from the fuel filter. You’ll find the fuel filter inside the fuel tank.
   Just re-attach the line to the filter, and put the filter back in the tank. Then follow the normal starting procedure.

3. Press the plastic bubble a few times.

4. Give the starter cord a few short, quick pulls. The engine should start and run.

5. If the engine does not start, then pull out the choke button to close the choke. Pull the starter cord four to five times. The engine should sputter or cough.

6. After the engine sputters, push the choke button in. Then pull the starter cord. The engine should start and run.

7. If the engine still does not start, repeat steps 2 through 6.

8. If the engine still does not start, call your local authorized MANTIS dealer.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:**

Never use starting fluids. Starting fluids will cause permanent engine damage. Using them will void the warranty.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:**

Before you use your MANTIS Tiller, read the Safety Rules & Warnings on pages 3-4.
GETTING YOUR TILLER TO YOUR GARDEN

Walk it.
Once your tiller is running, you can “walk” it to your garden. Just press the throttle lock out button and squeeze the throttle lever gently and let the tiller “tip-toe” across your yard on its tines. It won’t hurt your lawn or driveway.

Carry It.
Make sure the engine is off. Then use one hand to grasp the convenient carrying handle. Use the other hand to hold the handlebars. (Picture 1) Then lift your tiller and carry it to your garden. Since it weighs only 20 pounds, it won’t strain your muscles or tire you out!

Take It for a Ride.
You can easily transport your MANTIS Tiller to a friend’s or relative’s house. Just empty the fuel tank. (This is crucial.) Then stow your Tiller in the trunk of your car or truck. It fits easily. And you can put it in and take it out without straining your back.

WARNING
NEVER CARRY YOUR TILLER AS THE PERSON IN PICTURE 2 IS DOING. IF YOU DO, YOU WILL SUFFER SERIOUS INJURY.

TILLING

Now You’re Ready to Use Your MANTIS Tiller.
If you’ve seen other tillers, your MANTIS Tiller may surprise you. It tills best when you pull it backward! You see, when you pull your MANTIS Tiller backward, you give extra resistance to the tines, so they dig deeper. (Picture 1)
What’s more when you go backward, you erase your footprints. So your soil stays light and fluffy. With other tillers, by contrast, you walk right over the soil you’ve just tilled, packing it down, so it’s less plantable.

Run Your MANTIS Tiller like a Vacuum Cleaner.
Place your Tiller at the head of the row or area you want to till. Start it up. Then use an easy rocking motion. First, pull your Tiller backward. Then use an easy rocking motion. Again, pull your Tiller backward. Then, let it move forward just a little bit. Then pull it backward again. This will help you till deeper.
Keep repeating these steps until you’ve tilled an entire row. Start again on the next row. It’s much like running a vacuum cleaner! (Picture 2)

You Can Even Control Depth.

For Deeper Tilling:
Move your Tiller slowly back and forth, as you would a vacuum cleaner. Work the same area over and over until you’ve dug to your desired depth. (Picture 3)

For Shallow Tilling:
Switch the tines to the cultivating position. (See page 11 to learn how.) Then move your Tiller quickly over your soil surface.

For Big Weeds or Tough Roots:
Let your Tiller rock back and forth over the tough spot, until the tines slice through the weed or root.

Your MANTIS Tiller Handles Special Tilling Projects.
Want to turn part of your lawn into a colorful flower border? Your MANTIS Tiller makes it easy! Just run your Tiller back and forth until the sod begins to break up. Then continue tillling. Your Tiller will chop the clumps of sod until they’re fine. Then, it will work them into the soil. Pretty soon, you’ll have a soft, fresh planting bed.

WARNING • DANGER
THE OPERATOR OF THIS TILLER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ACCIDENTS OR HAZARDS OCCURRING TO HIMSELF, OTHER PEOPLE OR THEIR PROPERTY.
ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS

Dry Weight ........ 2.8kg — 6 lbs., 3 ounces
Type of Engine .... Air Cooled, Two stroke, Single-Cylinder, Gasoline Engine
Rotation .......... Clockwise, viewed from TOP
Bore ............ 32.2 mm (1.268 in.)
Stroke .......... 26.0 mm (1.04 in.)
Spark Plug ...... NGK BPM8Y
Fuel ............ Premixed two stroke fuel
Fuel Oil Ratio . . 50:1 ratio with MANTIS oil
Gasoline ........ Unleaded (see page 7)

Displacement ....... 21.2 cc (1.294 cu. in.)
Exhaust System ... Spark arrester muffler
Carburetor ........ ZAMA diaphragm model C1U type
Ignition System ... Flywheel magneto, capacitor discharge ignition type
Starter .......... Automatic rewind type
Oil .............. Designated, two-stroke, air-cooled engine oil
Fuel Tank Capacity .0.5 lit. (17.0 oz.)

SERVICE MAINTENANCE GUIDE

This chart shows necessary EPA emission maintenance information for fuel tanks/systems and Exhaust Port Cleaning intervals.

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<th>COMPONENT/SYSTEM</th>
<th>MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE</th>
<th>REQ'D SKILL LEVEL</th>
<th>DAILY OR BEFORE USE</th>
<th>EVERY REFUEL</th>
<th>3 MONTHS OR 90 HOURS</th>
<th>YEARLY 600 HOURS</th>
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<tr>
<td>Air Filter</td>
<td>Inspect/Clean</td>
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<td>1/C *</td>
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<tr>
<td>Choke Shutter</td>
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<td>1/C</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fuel Filter</td>
<td>Inspect</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>I*</td>
<td>I/R*</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Fuel Cap Gasket</td>
<td>Inspect/Replace</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1*</td>
<td>R*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel System</td>
<td>Inspect/Replace</td>
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<td>1(2)*</td>
<td>I(2)*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark Plug</td>
<td>Inspect/Clean</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1/C/R*</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Cooling System</td>
<td>Inspect/Clean</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1/C</td>
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<td>Muffler Spark Arrestor</td>
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<td></td>
<td>I/C/R*</td>
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<td>Inspect/Clean/Decarbon</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Grease</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>Inspect/Clean</td>
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<td>1/C</td>
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<td></td>
<td>1/C*</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>1*</td>
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</table>

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE LETTER CODES: I = INSPECT, R = REPLACE, C = CLEAN

IMPORTANT NOTE - Time intervals shown are maximum. Actual use and your experience will determine the frequency of required maintenance.

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE NOTES:
(1) Apply "0" or "00" EP Grease every 25 hours of use.
(2) Low evaporative fuel tanks DO NOT require regular maintenance to maintain emission integrity.
* Replacement is recommended based on the finding of damage or wear during inspection.

Notes:
Your MANTIS Tiller Makes
Weeding a Pleasure!

As a tiller, your MANTIS Tiller works the soil down to 10” (25.4 cm) deep. But, as a cultivator, it gently cultivates the surface, only 2” to 3” (5.09 cm to 7.62 cm) deep.

First, you must change the tines to the weeding position. This takes less than a minute.

Then, your MANTIS Tiller’s sharp “tine teeth” will slice up those pesky weeds, burying them as you go along. And, since the tines in this position won’t dig too deep, they won’t hurt your plants’ precious root systems.

The result? Your Tiller will cut your weeding time in half, and turn a tiresome chore into a pleasure.

How to Switch From Tilling to Cultivating Position

1. Make sure your Tiller is off.
2. Remove the retaining pins from the tines.
3. Remove the tines from the axle.
4. Place the right-side tine onto the left-side axle. Place the left side tine onto the right-side axle. The “D” hole should be to the outside.
5. Here is how to make sure you’ve installed the tines properly. Stand behind the Tiller and hold your hand, palm up, next to the tines. Do the tine points curl up, as your fingers do? If so, they are in the correct cultivating position.
6. Reinsert the pins.

How about a family-size vegetable garden?

Nowadays many gardeners prefer small gardens — especially in the suburbs, where space is at a premium. But, if you’re fortunate enough to own a large lot, you can create a bigger garden — a half acre or more. Here’s how:

1. First, hire someone with a tractor or big tiller to break ground for you. This is a one-time-only investment that’s well worth the small cost.
2. Then, use your Tiller to break up any remaining clumps of soil or sod. Unlike a tractor or big tiller, your MANTIS Tiller is a precision tool. It will pulverize your soil into a smooth seed bed.

CULTIVATING

Tilling Position

Tine teeth point in the same direction as the rotation of the tine; or toward the front of the Tiller, away from the operator.

Cultivating Position

Tine teeth point in the opposite direction as the rotation of the tine. Tines point toward the back of the tiller, or toward the operator.

Now You’re Ready to Cultivate or Weed.

Guide your Tiller where you want to weed and start it up. Pull your Tiller backward slowly, then let it move forward a bit, in a gentle rocking motion. Watch it slice, shred, and bury those weeds!

Got tough weeds? Lighten your pressure on the throttle to slow your Tiller down. Then work back and forth until your Tiller chops up the weeds. It’s easy and effective!

Remember, any tiller will tangle in tall grass, stringy vines, or super-big weeds. So, if you have a “backyard jungle,” first use a knife, pruner, or brush cutter to chop up the overgrowth. If the tines become tangled anyway, **push the switch to the “O” position to turn the engine off completely** before trying to clear them.

The optional Tine Detangler (Item #1322) will clear tines in a jiffy. Call your local authorized MANTIS dealer.

Your MANTIS Tiller Will Weed Between Narrow Rows!

Your MANTIS Tiller is a precision weeder that easily fits in tight places. So don’t be afraid to weed anywhere: between plants and shrubs; in corners; against fences; on raised beds; in wide rows; even in very narrow rows. Your MANTIS Tiller weeds six* to nine inches wide. So you can run it in a tightly planted garden without damaging your delicate plants. That’s good news for suburban gardeners, who often have to plant rows close together!

*With optional Planter Furrrower attachment (Item #6222.)
MAINTENANCE

Check the Air Filter Often

A wet or dirty air filter can affect the way your engine starts, performs, and wears. So, it's a good idea to check your air filter once a month.

If you work in dusty soil, or if you want to be on the safe side — then check your filter more often (for instance, before each use). But be sure to replace it at least once a year, in the spring or fall. Clean or change it as needed. It is recommended to change the air filter yearly.

How to Check, Clean and Change the Air Filter

1. Loosen the wing nut on the side of the air-cleaner cover. (See Picture 1, or look up Key #1 in Intake Parts Assembly on page 17.)

2. Take off the cover. Make sure to clear the choke button. (Picture 2)

3. The air filter is the pad on the inside of the air-cleaner cover. Check whether it is soiled or moist.

4. If the air filter needs cleaning or no longer fits properly, remove it. Just lift an edge carefully and “peel” it out. (Picture 3)

5. Use a brush to remove debris from the pad.

6. If the air filter is so dirty that it won't come clean, you must replace it or severe engine damage will occur.

7. Insert your clean filter inside the air-cleaner cover.

IMPORTANT! Make sure filter is “seated” properly in the cover. The filter must fit snugly inside the rim that holds the filter in place.

Installing the filter incorrectly will cause engine damage and void the warranty. Fit the cover back over the air cleaner. (Again, make sure to clear the choke button.)

8. Tighten the wing nut to secure the cover.

How to Check the Grease Level Inside the Worm Gear Housing

When we built your MANTIS Tiller, we lubricated the worm gear housing thoroughly.

It is imperative that you inspect the grease level once a year. Simply remove the cover plate on the worm gear housing. (Picture 1) Then check to make sure the grease comes almost to the top of the housing. If it doesn't, add lithium #0 grease (Item 9985.) This is the only way to add grease to the worm gear housing. (Picture 2) To purchase MANTIS grease, call your local authorized MANTIS dealer.

Please do not overfill. Too much grease can create pressure, which could cause seals to fail or the clutch to slip.

Fuel Filter Replacement:
Fuel filter to be changed at the end of every season.

Order a new one directly from our Customer Service Dept. Call 1-800-366-6268.

Clear Blockages From the Fuel Line & Filter:
Clear any blockages you see in the tank, fuel filter, or fuel line. Remember: The fuel filter is located inside the tank. (See Picture 3) Then use the normal starting procedure to start your Tiller.

We recommend fuel filter replacement each year.

Note:
Please check the lip on the Air Cleaner Cover. If the lip is chipped or cracked, it should be replaced. This will prevent dirt from being ingested through the carburetor into the inside of the engine.
MAINTENANCE (continued)

What to Do if Your Engine Idles Too High

What if your engine runs too fast ... or if the times turn the instant you start the Tiller? You may need to adjust the idle screw (Key #19 under Carburetor on page 17) by itself right below the H and L screws. Gently turn it counter-clockwise. You'll know you've adjusted it correctly when the axles do not turn at low idle.

What to Do if Your Engine Runs "Rough"

If your engine runs "rough" or stalls, you may need to adjust the carburetor and idle screws.

How to Reseat the Flange

At some point, you may find that the times won't turn when you press the throttle. This may mean the engine isn't sitting all the way down on the transmission.

Perhaps you've been using your Tiller for several years. Or perhaps you've removed the engine for use with our hedge trimmer attachment, then replaced it. In either case, the flange bolt (Key #17, page 18) may have come loose and lifted the engine up.

If this happened you'll notice a gap between the bottom of the engine clutch case (Key #19, page 18) and the top of the worm gear housing. (Picture 1)

To fix this, loosen the flange bolt. Take the engine off the worm gear housing. Notice the hex head on top of the drive shaft (Key #9, Page 16). Inside the clutch case, you'll find the clutch drum (Key #23, Page 18). Make sure the hex head lines up with the clutch drum inside the clutch case.

Then put the engine back on the worm gear housing. Make sure the plastic carrying handle is not under the fuel tank.

If you've followed these steps properly, there will be no gap between the clutch case and the worm gear housing. (Picture 2) Make sure you tighten the flange bolt!

High Altitude Operation

This engine has been factory adjusted to maintain satisfactory starting, emission, and durability performance up to 1,100 feet (96,0 kPa and above) mean sea level (MSL). To maintain proper engine operation above 1,100 feet (96,0 kPa and above) MSL the carburetor may need to be adjusted by an authorized ECHO service dealer.

Exhaust Port Cleaning

Exhaust Port Cleaning is a new procedure necessary for emission compliance based on the Engine Durability Period.

Tools required: 4mm Hex wrench, Wood or plastic scrapers

Parts Required: As needed:

1. Remove spark plug lead from spark plug, and remove engine cover (2 screws).
2. Place piston at top dead center. Remove muffler (A) and heat shield (B).
3. Use a wood or plastic scraping tool to clean deposits from cylinder exhaust port.
4. Inspect heat shield, and replace if damaged.
5. Install heat shield and muffler.
6. Tighten muffler mounting bolts (or nuts) to 80-95 in•lbf (90-110 kgf•cm).
7. Start engine, and warm to operating temperature.
8. Stop engine, and re-tighten mounting bolts (or nuts) to specifications.
9. Install engine cover and attach spark plug lead.

Cleaning the Muffler Screen

1. Take out the spark plug.
2. Remove the red cylinder cover, (Key #32) which is held on by 2 phillips-head screws, (Key #33) and 1 hex-head screw. (Key #34) which you will need an allen wrench to remove.
3. You will see the metal exhaust guide, held on by 3 more phillips-head screws. (Key #26) Remove the exhaust guide.
4. Behind the exhaust guide (Key #25) will be the muffler gasket (Key #24) and muffler screen (Key #23). The screen sits under the gasket.
5. If the screen (Key #23) is clogged with deposits, it needs to be cleaned. Use carburetor cleaner, and any brush that is not metal. Brush the screen until you are able to see through it.
6. If the screen remains plugged after attempts at cleaning, it must be replaced.

WARNING•DANGER

DO NOT USE GASOLINE OR OTHER FLAMMABLE SUBSTANCE

This engine has been factory adjusted to maintain satisfactory starting, emission, and durability performance up to 1,100 feet (96,0 kPa and above) mean sea level (MSL). To maintain proper engine operation above 1,100 feet (96,0 kPa and above) MSL the carburetor may need to be adjusted by an authorized ECHO service dealer.

IMPORTANT

If the engine is adjusted for operation above 1,100 feet MSL, the carburetor must be re-adjusted when operating the engine below 1,100 feet MSL, otherwise severe engine damage can result.

4. Inspect heat shield, and replace if damaged.
5. Install heat shield and muffler.
6. Tighten muffler mounting bolts (or nuts) to 80-95 in•lbf (90-110 kgf•cm).
7. Start engine, and warm to operating temperature.
8. Stop engine, and re-tighten mounting bolts (or nuts) to specifications.
9. Install engine cover and attach spark plug lead.
STORAGE

Each fall — or before you store your MANTIS Tiller for any long period — be sure to take these measures:

1. Do not store your Tiller with fuel still in it. Even under ideal conditions, stored fuel containing ethanol or MTBE can start to go stale in 30 days. And, since stale fuel has a high gum content, it can clog the carburetor, this, in turn, will restrict fuel flow. So, when you’re ready to store your Tiller, or will not be using it for more than 2 weeks, drain the fuel tank completely. (Picture 2)

2. Next, restart the engine to make sure no fuel is left in the carburetor. Then run the engine until it stops. This will prevent gum deposits, forming inside of the carburetor and possible engine damage.

3. Disconnect spark plug wire and remove the spark plug. (Use the wrench that comes in our optional Handy item Kit, Item #8444. Or use a 19mm or 3/4” spark-plug wrench.) Pour about a teaspoon of clean, air-cooled, two-cycle oil through the spark-plug hole into the combustion chamber. (Picture 3) Leaving the spark plug out slowly pull the starter cord two or three times to coat the inside of the cylinder wall.

4. Replace the spark plug with a NGK-BPM8Y. A replacement spark plug is included in the optional Handy Item Kit item # 8444.

5. Install the spark plug, but leave the spark plug wire disconnected.

6. Clean the air filter as described on Page 12.

7. Clean dirt, grass, and other materials from the entire machine.

8. Wipe the tines with oil or spray them with WD-40, to prevent rusting.

9. Oil the throttle cable and all visible moving parts. (Do not remove the engine cover.)

10. Replace the fuel filter.

11. Check the grease level in the worm gear housing, as described on page 12.

12. Order new parts to replace any that are badly worn or broken. Just call your local authorized MANTIS dealer.

13. Store your Tiller, in an upright position, in a clean, dry place. You can store with the handles in an extended position or folded down. (Picture 1)

14. To fold the handles, follow these easy steps: Loosen the handle knobs (#40), fold the handles forward (see picture 1, inset). Tighten knob securely. Your handles are now folded and ready to store in a smaller area.

15. Do you have fuel left over from last season? Dispose of it properly. Buy fresh oil and gasoline next season.

How to Prepare Your MANTIS Tiller for Restarting

Unfold the handles into an upright or extended position. Tighten the two handle knobs (#40)

In the Spring, when you take your Tiller out of storage, remove the spark plug. Pull the starter cord three or four times to clean oil from the combustion chamber.

(Picture 4) Wipe oil from the spark plug. Place the spark plug back into the cylinder. Re-connect the spark plug wire back on the spark plug. Then follow the steps on pages 7 & 8 to refuel and restart your Tiller.

Again, Check the Carburetor.

If your Tiller won’t restart in the Spring — or if it lacks its usual power — the carburetor may need attention. Follow the steps on page 13 for adjusting the H and L screws. (Picture 5)

Check the Spark Plug Too.

If your Tiller won’t restart, or if it lacks full power, the spark plug may be at fault. Check to see if the plug is fouled with oily black deposits. Clean or replace it if it is. (Picture 6)

Also, check whether the center electrode is rounded at the end, or if the ground electrode is worn. If either is the case, you should replace it with a NGK-BPM8Y spark plug. Use a 19mm or a 3/4” spark-plug wrench to install it. Adjust the plug gap to .024 - .028 in. (0.6 to 0.7 mm)

Caution: Do not over tighten the plug. The correct torque is 11 to 13 ft.-lbs. (15-17 N.m) or 130-150 in lbs and 150-170 kgl.

IMPORTANT NOTE:
To avoid possible damage to the threads, do not try to remove the plug from a hot aluminum cylinder head.
### TROUBLE SHOOTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Tines don't turn when throttle is depressed</td>
<td>• Engine is not seated properly on the gear housing.</td>
<td>• Re-install engine following the instructions on page 13 (How to reseat the flange).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Engine fails to start</td>
<td>• o/h switch is in &quot;o&quot; position.</td>
<td>• Move switch to &quot;I.&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• No fuel in tank.</td>
<td>• Fill Tank.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Fuel strainer clogged.</td>
<td>• Replace Strainer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Fuel line clogged.</td>
<td>• Clean fuel line.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Spark plug shorted or fouled.</td>
<td>• Install new spark plug.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Spark plug is broken (cracked porcelain or electrodes broken)</td>
<td>• Replace spark plug.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Ignition lead wire shorted, broken or disconnected from spark plug.</td>
<td>• Replace lead wire or attach to spark plug.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Ignition inoperative</td>
<td>• Contact your local authorized dealer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Engine hard to start.</td>
<td>• Water in gasoline or stale fuel mixture.</td>
<td>• Drain entire system and refill with fresh fuel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Too much oil in fuel mixture.</td>
<td>• Drain and refill with correct mixture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Engine under or over choked.</td>
<td>• If flooded by over choking, proceed according to instructions in operation section. If under choked, move choke lever to closed position and crank two or three times.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Carburetor out of adjustment.</td>
<td>• See “Carburetor Adjustment.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Gasket leaks (carburetor or cylinder base gasket).</td>
<td>• Replace gaskets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Weak spark at spark plug.</td>
<td>• Contact your local authorized dealer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Engine continuously floods.</td>
<td>• Fuel tank vent line is not in an upright position.</td>
<td>• Return the fuel tank vent line to the upright position and place it under the cylinder cover in the small “pocket” in the cylinder cover</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. There is black smoke coming from exhaust</td>
<td>• The muffler screen may be clogged</td>
<td>• Clean carbon from muffler screen (page 13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• The exhaust port may be restricted</td>
<td>• Clean exhaust port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Engine misses.</td>
<td>• Dirt in fuel line or carburetor.</td>
<td>• Remove and clean.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Carburetor improperly adjusted.</td>
<td>• See “Carburetor Adjustment.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Spark plug fouled, broken or incorrect gap setting.</td>
<td>• Clean or replace spark plug - set gap to .024-.028 in. (0.6-0.7 mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Weak or intermittent spark at spark plug.</td>
<td>• Contact your local authorized dealer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Engine lacks power.</td>
<td>• Air filter clogged.</td>
<td>• Clean or replace air filter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Carburetor out of adjustment.</td>
<td>• See “Carburetor Adjustment&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Muffler clogged.</td>
<td>• Clean carbon from muffler.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Clogged exhaust ports.</td>
<td>• Remove muffler, rotate engine until the piston is at top of cylinder. With a wooden scraper or blunt tool, remove all carbon from exhaust ports. Be careful not to scratch or damage piston or cylinder walls. Blow out all loose carbon with compressed air. Install muffler and gasket.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Spark Arrestor Clogged.</td>
<td>• Clean Spark Arrestor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Poor compression.</td>
<td>• Contact your local authorized dealer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Engine overheats.</td>
<td>• Insufficient oil in fuel mixture</td>
<td>• Mix fuel as described in starting instructions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Air flow obstructed</td>
<td>• Clean flywheel cylinder fins and screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Engine noisy or knocking.</td>
<td>• Spark plug in incorrect heat range.</td>
<td>• Replace with plugs specified for engine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bearings, piston ring or cylinder walls are worn.</td>
<td>• Contact your local authorized dealer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Engine stalls under load.</td>
<td>• Carburetor adjustment too “lean.”</td>
<td>• See “Carburetor Adjustment.” (page 13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Engine overheats.</td>
<td>• Remove dust and dirt from between fins.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MANTIS TILLER ASSEMBLY

**P/N 438LA**

**DIRECTION**

Raised Hub

Teeth point in a Clockwise Direction

When you look at a Tine with the raised hub facing you and the teeth are pointing in a COURSEWISE rotation, you have a **LEFT HAND TINE**.

**P/N 438RA**

**DIRECTION**

Raised Hub

Teeth point in a Counter Clockwise Direction

When you look at Tine with the raised hub facing you and the teeth are pointing in a **COUNTER CLOCKWISE** rotation, you have a **RIGHT HAND TINE**.
**SV-5C/2**

**ENGINE PARTS ASSEMBLIES**

**CARBURETOR -- CIU-K82**

**EXPLOSION A**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>PART #</th>
<th>QTY</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION / REMARKS</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
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<td>A1</td>
<td>005000980</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>SCREW, PURGE BASE</td>
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<tr>
<td>A2</td>
<td>005000620</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>RETAINER, PURGE BULB</td>
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<td>A3</td>
<td>1255010660</td>
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<td>BULB, PURGE</td>
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<td>A4</td>
<td>005000970</td>
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<td>BASE, PURGE</td>
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<tr>
<td>A5</td>
<td>1255613210</td>
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<td>BODY, CARBURETOR / NOT AVAILABLE SEPARATELY</td>
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<td>A6</td>
<td>1255761320</td>
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<td>NOZZLE, CHECK VALVE</td>
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<td>A7</td>
<td>1255293900</td>
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<td>CAP, LIMITER -- HIGH SPEED -- RED</td>
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<td>A8</td>
<td>1255201310</td>
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<td>NEEDLE -- HIGH SPEED</td>
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<td>1255208900</td>
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<td>CAP, LIMITER -- LOW SPEED -- WHITE</td>
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<td>NEEDLE -- LOW SPEED</td>
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<td>SWIVEL</td>
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<td>SHAFT, THROTTLE</td>
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<td>CLIP, SWIVEL</td>
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<td>SPRING, THROTTLE RETURN</td>
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<td>SCREW, THROTTLE VALVE</td>
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<td>VALVE, THROTTLE</td>
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<td>CLIP, THROTTLE SHAFT</td>
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<td>1255241282</td>
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<td>COVER, FUEL PUMP</td>
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<td>SCREW, IDLE ADJUST</td>
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<td>SCREW, METERING LEVER PIN</td>
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<td>REPAIR KIT / INCLUDES ITEMS 24-33</td>
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<td>LEVER, METERING</td>
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<td>A28</td>
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<td>VALVE, INLET NEEDLE</td>
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<tr>
<td>A29</td>
<td>125501070</td>
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<td>WELCH PLUG</td>
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<td>A30</td>
<td>125501070</td>
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<td>SPRING, METERING LEVER</td>
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<tr>
<td>A31</td>
<td>125501070</td>
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<td>STEAMER</td>
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<td>DIAPHRAGM, FUEL PUMP</td>
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<td>125501070</td>
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<td>GASKET, FUEL PUMP</td>
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<td>DIAPHRAGM, METERING</td>
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<td>A35</td>
<td>125501070</td>
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<td>GASKET, METERING DIAPHRAGM</td>
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<td>A36</td>
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<td>DIAPHRAGM, FUEL PUMP</td>
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**AIR CLEANER**

**EXPLOSION B**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
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<th>DESCRIPTION / REMARKS</th>
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<td>WING BOLT</td>
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<td>COVER, AIR CLEANER</td>
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<td>B3</td>
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<td>LABEL, CHOKE</td>
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<tr>
<td>B4</td>
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<td>FILTER, AIR</td>
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<tr>
<td>B5</td>
<td>9002402557</td>
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<td>SCREW, X5X5</td>
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<tr>
<td>B6</td>
<td>1304100530</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>PLATE, PREVENT</td>
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<tr>
<td>B7</td>
<td>1785105450</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>SHUTTER, CHOKE</td>
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<tr>
<td>B8</td>
<td>1785100630</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>SPACER</td>
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<td>B9</td>
<td>1300010460</td>
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<td>B10</td>
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<td>CARBURETOR</td>
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<td>ALSO INCLUDED IN GASKET KIT (PAGE 19)</td>
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</table>

**MUFFLER**

**EXPLOSION C**

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<th>DESCRIPTION / REMARKS</th>
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<td>GUIDLE, EXHAUST</td>
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<td>C3</td>
<td>V104000072</td>
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<td>GASKET, EXHAUST1</td>
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<td>C4</td>
<td>456024630</td>
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<td>SCREEN, MUFFLER</td>
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<td>C5</td>
<td>9001009055</td>
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<td>SCREW, X5X5</td>
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<td>C7</td>
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<td>EYE PLATE</td>
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<td>C9</td>
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<td>SHIELD, EXHAUST1</td>
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<td></td>
<td>ALSO INCLUDED IN GASKET KIT (PAGE 19)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SV-5C/2 ENGINE PARTS
ENGINE COVER, FANCASE, STARTER, CLUTCH CASE & CLUTCH
EXPLOSION D

IGNITION, ENGINE & SHORT BLOCK
EXPLOSION E
SV-5C/2 ENGINE PARTS

FUEL SYSTEM

EXPLOSION F

GASKET KIT

ECHO INCORPORATED EMISSION CONTROL WARRANTY STATEMENT

FOR ECHO AND SHINDAIWA BRANDS

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Air Resources Board (C.A.R.B.) and ECHO Incorporated (ECHO Inc.) are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your 2010 and later equipment/small off-road engine (SORE). New equipment/SORE must be designed, built and equipped to meet stringent EPA and C.A.R.B. anti-smog standards. ECHO Inc. must warrant the emission control system on your equipment/SORE for the periods of time listed below, provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your equipment/SORE. Your emission control system may include parts such as: carburetor, fuel-injection system, ignition system, catalytic converter/muffler, fuel tank, fuel feed lines, fuel cap assembly, spark plug, air filters, and other associated components. Where a warrantable condition exists, ECHO Inc will repair your equipment/SORE at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts and labor. The Emission Control System warranty is extended to the original owner including all subsequent owners.

MANUFACTURER’S WARRANTY COVERAGE:

The emission control system is warranted for 2 years or the length of the ECHO Inc. warranty, whichever is longer. If any emission-related part on your equipment is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by ECHO Inc. or its Authorized Service Representative.

OWNER’S WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES:

As the equipment/SORE owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your Operator’s Manual. ECHO Inc. recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your equipment/SORE however, ECHO Inc. cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance. As the equipment/SORE owner, you should be aware that ECHO Inc. may deny you warranty coverage if your equipment/SORE or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.

You are responsible for presenting your equipment/SORE to an ECHO Inc. authorized service representative as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed in a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days. If a warrantable condition exists and there is no Authorized Dealer within 100 miles, ECHO Inc. will pay to ship the unit to the nearest authorized dealer. If you have questions regarding your warranty coverage, you should contact ECHO Inc. at 1-800-673-1558, web site WWW.ECHO-USA.COM or contact Shindaiwa at 1-877-986-7783, web site WWW.SHINDAIWA.COM.

WHAT DOES THIS WARRANTY COVER?

ECHO Inc. warrants that your equipment/SORE was designed, built and equipped to conform with applicable EPA and C.A.R.B. emissions standards and that your equipment/SORE is free from defects in material and workmanship that would cause it to fail to conform with applicable requirements for 2 years or the length of the ECHO Inc. warranty, whichever is longer. The warranty period begins on the date the product is purchased by an end user..

HOW WILL A COVERED PART BE CORRECTED?

If there is a defect in a part covered by this warranty, any ECHO Inc. Authorized Service Dealer will correct the defect. You will not have to pay anything to have the part adjusted, repaired or replaced. This includes any labor and diagnosis for warranted repairs performed by the dealer. In addition, engine parts not expressly covered under this warranty but whose failure is a result of a failure of a covered part will be warranted.

WHAT PARTS ARE COVERED?

- Any applicable emission related part not scheduled for "required maintenance" will be repaired or replaced within the warranty period. The repaired or replaced part will be warranted for the remaining ECHO Inc. warranty period.
MAN TIS TILLER LIMITED WARRANTY

MANTIS extends this limited warranty against defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years for normal residential purposes and two (2) years for commercial use from the date of purchase, to the first retail purchaser and each subsequent owner, during the warranty period. This warranty covers all portions of the MANTIS TILLER.

MANTIS will repair or replace, at its option, any part or parts of the product proven to be defective in material or workmanship under normal usage during the warranty period. Warranty repairs and replacements will be made without charge for parts or labor. All parts replaced under warranty will be considered as part of the original product, and any warranty on the replaced parts will expire coincident with the original product warranty. If you think your MANTIS TILLER is defective in material or workmanship, you must send it, along with your proof of purchase (sales receipt) to:

Mantis
1028 Street Road
Southampton, PA 18966

You are responsible for pickup and delivery charges; the product must be returned to us postage paid.

MANTIS assumes no responsibility in the event that the product was not assembled or used in compliance with any assembly, care, safety, or operating instructions contained in the Owner's Manual or accompanying the product; was not used with reasonable care or requires replacement or repair due to accidents or lack of proper maintenance; or was misused, altered, used for other than normal or intended purposes. This warranty does not cover damage due to normal wear and tear.

You must maintain your MANTIS TILLER by following the maintenance procedures described in the owner's manual. Such routine maintenance, whether performed by you or a dealer, is at your expense.

MANTIS MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS EXCEPT THOSE CONTAINED HEREIN. THE DURATION OF ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY, INCLUDING MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, IS LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS WRITTEN LIMITED WARRANTY. MANTIS DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FOR INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL AND/OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF THE MANTIS PRODUCTS COVERED BY THIS WARRANTY. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS AND/OR DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THAT ABOVE LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS, AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATES TO STATE.

MANTIS
1028 Street Road
Southampton, PA 18966
(215) 355-9700

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